Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1	1.	(Curi	rently A	mende	d) A computer system configured to:
2		A)	provid	de at le	ast one task queue a plurality of task queues, each having a
3			top ei	nd and	a bottom end and in which can be stored and from which can
4			be re	trieved	task identifiers, which identify tasks to be performed; and
5		B)	for ea	ach pro	vided task queue, employ a separate execution thread
6			assoc	ciated t	herewith to:
7			i)	selec	t repeatedly a current access mode from one of a LIFO
8				acces	ss mode and a FIFO access mode in accordance with a mode-
9				selec	tion criterion; and
10			ii)	perfo	rm dynamically identified tasks <u>, wherein each said dynamically</u>
11				<u>identi</u>	fied task is a garbage-collection task for performing, for a
12				given	object associated with that task, processing that includes
13				<u>identi</u>	fying in the given object references to other objects, and
14				there	by identifying the tasks of performing similar processing for
15				those	other objects, by repeatedly:
16				a)	popping a task identifier from one of the top end or the
17					bottom end of that task queue in order to access that task
18					queue in a LIFO access mode or a FIFO access mode in
19					accordance with the current access mode;
20				b)	so performing the task thereby identified as, in at least some
21					instances, to find one or more further tasks to be performed;
22					and
23				c)	pushing onto that task queue task identifiers that identify any
24					tasks thus found.

- 2. (Previously Presented) A computer system as defined in claim 1 wherein pushing occurs at , the bottom end of each provided task queue, popping in accordance with the FIFO access mode occurs at the top end of each provided queue, and popping in accordance with the LIFO access mode occurs at the bottom end of each provided task queue.
- 1 3. (Previously Presented) A computer system as defined in claim 1 wherein queue accesses in each provided task queue are circular.
 - 4.-5. (Canceled).
- 1 6. (Currently Amended) A computer system as defined in claim 5 1 wherein the task
 2 identifiers are identifiers of the objects associated with tasks that the task
 3 identifiers identify.
- 7. (Original) A computer system as defined in claim 6 wherein the task identifiers are pointers to the objects associated with the tasks that the task identifiers identify.
- 1 8. (Currently Amended) A computer system as defined in claim [[4]] 1 wherein, in at
 2 least some instances, an execution thread associated with a task queue that is
 3 empty:
- A) pops a task identifier from a task queue other than the one with which it is associated;
- 8) so performs the task thereby identified as, in at least some instances, to find one or more further tasks to be performed; and
- pushes onto the task queue associated with it task identifiers that identify any tasks thus found.
- 9. (Original) A computer system as defined in claim 8 wherein each said
 dynamically identified task is the garbage-collection task of performing, for a

given object associated with that task, processing that includes identifying in the given object references to other objects and thereby identifying the tasks of performing similar processing for those other objects.

10.-14. (Canceled).

- 1 15. (Currently Amended) For performing dynamically identified tasks, a method comprising employing a computer system to:
 - A) provide at least one task queue a plurality of task queues, each having a top end and a bottom end and in which can be stored and from which can be retrieved task identifiers, which identify tasks to be performed; and
 - B) for each provided task queue, employ a separate execution thread associated therewith to:
 - select repeatedly a current access mode from one of a LIFO access mode and a FIFO access mode in accordance with a modeselection criterion; and
 - ii) perform dynamically identified tasks, wherein each said dynamically identified task is the garbage-collection task of performing, for a given object associated with that task, processing that includes identifying in the given object references to other objects and thereby identifying the tasks of performing similar processing for those other objects, by repeatedly;
 - popping a task identifier from one of the top end or the bottom end of that task queue in order to access that task queue in a LIFO access mode or a FIFO access mode in accordance with the current access mode;
 - b) so performing the task thereby identified as, in at least some instances, to find one or more further tasks to be performed; and
 - c) pushing onto that task queue task identifiers that identify any tasks thus found.

- 1 16. (Previously Presented) A method as defined in claim 15 wherein pushing occurs
 2 at the bottom end of each provided task queue, popping in accordance with the
 3 FIFO access mode occurs at the top end of each provided task queue and
 4 popping in accordance with the LIFO access mode occurs at the bottom end of
 5 each provided task queue.
- 1 17. (Previously Presented) A method as defined in claim 15 wherein queue accesses 2 in each provided task queue are circular.

18.-19. (Canceled.)

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- 1 20. (Currently Amended) A method as defined in claim 49 15 wherein the task
 2 identifiers are identifiers of the objects associated with tasks that the task
 3 identifiers identify.
- 1 21. (Original) A method as defined in claim 20 wherein the task identifiers are pointers to the objects associated with the tasks that the task identifiers identify.
- 1 22. (Currently Amended) A method as defined in claim 18 15 wherein, in at least 2 some instances, an execution thread associated with a task queue that is empty:
- A) pops a task identifier from a task queue other than the one with which it is associated;
 - B) so performs the task thereby identified as, in at least some instances, to find one or more further tasks to be performed; and
- pushes onto the task queue associated with it task identifiers that identify any tasks thus found.
- 1 23. (Original) A method as defined in claim 22 wherein each said dynamically
 2 identified task is the garbage-collection task of performing, for a given object
 3 associated with that task, processing that includes identifying in the given object

- references to other objects and thereby identifying the tasks of performing similar 4 5 processing for those other objects. (Currently Amended) A storage medium containing instructions readable by a 24. 1 computer system to cause the computer system to: 2 provide at least one task queue a plurality of task queues, each having a A) 3 top end and a bottom end and in which can be stored and from which can 4 5 be retrieved task identifiers, which identify tasks to be performed; and for each provided task queue, employ a separate execution thread 6 B) associated therewith to: 7 select repeatedly a current access mode from one of a LIFO i) 8 access mode and a FIFO access mode in accordance with a mode-9 selection criterion; and 10 ii) perform dynamically identified tasks, wherein each said dynamically 11 identified task is the garbage-collection task of performing, for a 12 given object associated with that task, processing that includes 13 identifying in the given object references to other objects and 14 thereby identifying the tasks of performing similar processing for 15 those other objects, by repeatedly: 16 popping a task identifier from one of the top end or the a) 17 bottom end of that task queue in order to access that task 18 queue in a LIFO access mode or a FIFO access mode in 19 accordance with the current access mode: 20 b) so performing the task thereby identified as, in at least some 21 instances, to find one or more further tasks to be performed; 22 and 23 pushing onto that task queue task identifiers that identify any c) 24
- 1 25. (Previously Presented) A storage medium as defined in claim 24 wherein pushing occurs at the bottom end of each provided queue, popping in

tasks thus found.

- accordance with the FIFO access mode occurs at the top end of each provided queue, and popping in accordance with the LIFO access mode occurs at the bottom end of each provided queue.
- 1 26. (Previously Presented) A storage medium as defined in claim 24 wherein queue 2 accesses in each provided task queue are circular.

27.-28. (Canceled.)

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- 1 29. (Currently Amended) A storage medium as defined in claim 28 24 wherein the 2 task identifiers are identifiers of the objects associated with tasks that the task 3 identifiers identify.
- 1 30. (Original) A storage medium as defined in claim 29 wherein the task identifiers
 2 are pointers to the objects associated with the tasks that the task identifiers
 3 identify.
- 1 31. (Currently Amended) A storage medium as defined in claim 27 24 wherein, in at
 2 least some instances, an execution thread associated with a task queue that is
 3 empty
 - A) pops a task identifier from a task queue other than the one with which it is associated;
- so performs the task thereby identified as, in at least some instances, to find one or more further tasks to be performed; and
- pushes onto the task queue associated with it task identifiers that identify any tasks thus found.
- 1 32. (Original) A storage medium as defined in claim 31 wherein each said
 2 dynamically identified task is the garbage-collection task of performing, for a
 3 given object associated with that task, processing that includes identifying in the

4		given object references to other objects and thereby identifying the tasks of								
5		performing similar processing for those other objects.								
1	33.	(Curr	(Currently Amended) A signal representing a sequence of instructions that, when							
2		they	are ex	ecuted	by computer system, cause the computer system to					
3		comp	nprising:							
4		A)	provi	de at le	east one task queue means for providing a plurality of task					
5			queu	ies, ead	ch having a top end and a bottom end and in which can be					
6			store	ed and f	rom which can be retrieved task identifiers, which identify					
7			tasks	s to be	performed; and					
8		B)	for e	ach pro	vided task queue, employ <u>means for employing</u> a separate					
9			exec	ution th	read associated therewith to:					
10			i)	selec	t repeatedly a current access mode from one of a LIFO					
11				acce	ss mode and a FIFO access mode in accordance with a mode-					
12				selec	tion criterion; and					
13			ii)	perfo	rm dynamically identified tasks, wherein each said dynamically					
14				<u>ident</u>	ified task is the garbage-collection task of performing, for a					
15				giver	object associated with that task, processing that includes					
16				<u>ident</u>	ifying in the given object references to other objects and					
17				there	by identifying the tasks of performing similar processing for					
18				those	e other objects, by repeatedly:					
19				a)	popping a task identifier from one of the top end or the					
20					bottom end of that task queue in order to access that task					
21					queue in a LIFO access mode or a FIFO access mode in					
22					accordance with the current access mode;					
23				b)	so performing the task thereby identified as, in at least some					
24					instances, to find one or more further tasks to be performed;					
25					and					
26				c)	pushing onto that task queue task identifiers that identify any					

tasks thus found.

- 29 34.-42. (Canceled.)
- 1 43. (Previously Presented) A computer system as defined in claim 1 wherein the 2 mode-selection criterion is based on the number of entries in the task queue.
 - 44. (Canceled).
- 1 45. (Previously Presented) A method as defined in claim 15 wherein the mode-2 selection criterion is based on the number of entries in the task queue.
- 1 46. (Previously Presented) A storage medium as defined in claim 24 wherein the mode-selection criterion is based on the number of entries in the task queue.
- 1 47. (Currently Amended) A <u>signal computer system</u> as defined in claim 33 wherein 2 the mode-selection criterion is based on the number of entries in the task queue.